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State Of The Musall® During Utterance Of The Sal®m, And The Condition For The Sal®m To Be Truthful

Know that when the $s ext{lik}$ comes out of the state of $suj ext{lid}$, whose secret is "annihilation," and comes to himself, and into a state of wakefulness and attentiveness, returning from the state of being absent from the world to the state of being present, he offers his $sal ext{lid}$ (peace) to the beings the $sal ext{lid}$ of the one who has come back from a journey, from an occultation. So, as he returns he sends peace upon the noble Prophet, because after returning from unity [wahdat] to multiplicity [kathrat], the first manifestation will be that of the truth of guardianship: "We are the first preceding ones" 1

Thereafter, he will pay attention to the essences $[a'y \cdot n]$ of other beings, distinctly and collectively.

The one who has not kept away, in the sal f, from the creatures f and has not become a traveler to Allah, to him the sal f has no meaning and is nothing but a chattering of the tongue. So, the cordial discipline of the sal f depends on the discipline of the sal f as a whole. If in this sal f , which is the truth of the f there was no ascension, and he did not come out of the house of the soul, he would actually have no sal f f .

Furthermore, if in this journey there was safety from the intrusions of Satan and the evil-commanding soul, and, if the heart had no ailment during this real $mi^{\prime}r\mathfrak{I}j$, his $sal\mathfrak{I}m$ would be truthful; if not, he would have no $sal\mathfrak{I}m$. Yes, the $sal\mathfrak{I}m$ upon the Prophet (s) is, therefore, a $sal\mathfrak{I}m$ with truthfulness, because, in this ascending journey, in this travel to Allah, in both ascending and descending, he enjoys peace, and, along his journey, he is free from the conducts $[tasarruf\mathfrak{I}t]$ of other than the Haqq (Allah), to which we have referred in our commentary on the $s\mathfrak{I}rah$ of al-Qadr.

1. Bih er al-Anwer, vol. 15, p. 15: "We are the first and we are the last;" Muslim's Sah h, vol. 2, p. 585; Al-Bukh er es Sah h, vol. 1, p. 36: "We are the last and we are the preceding ones."

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