

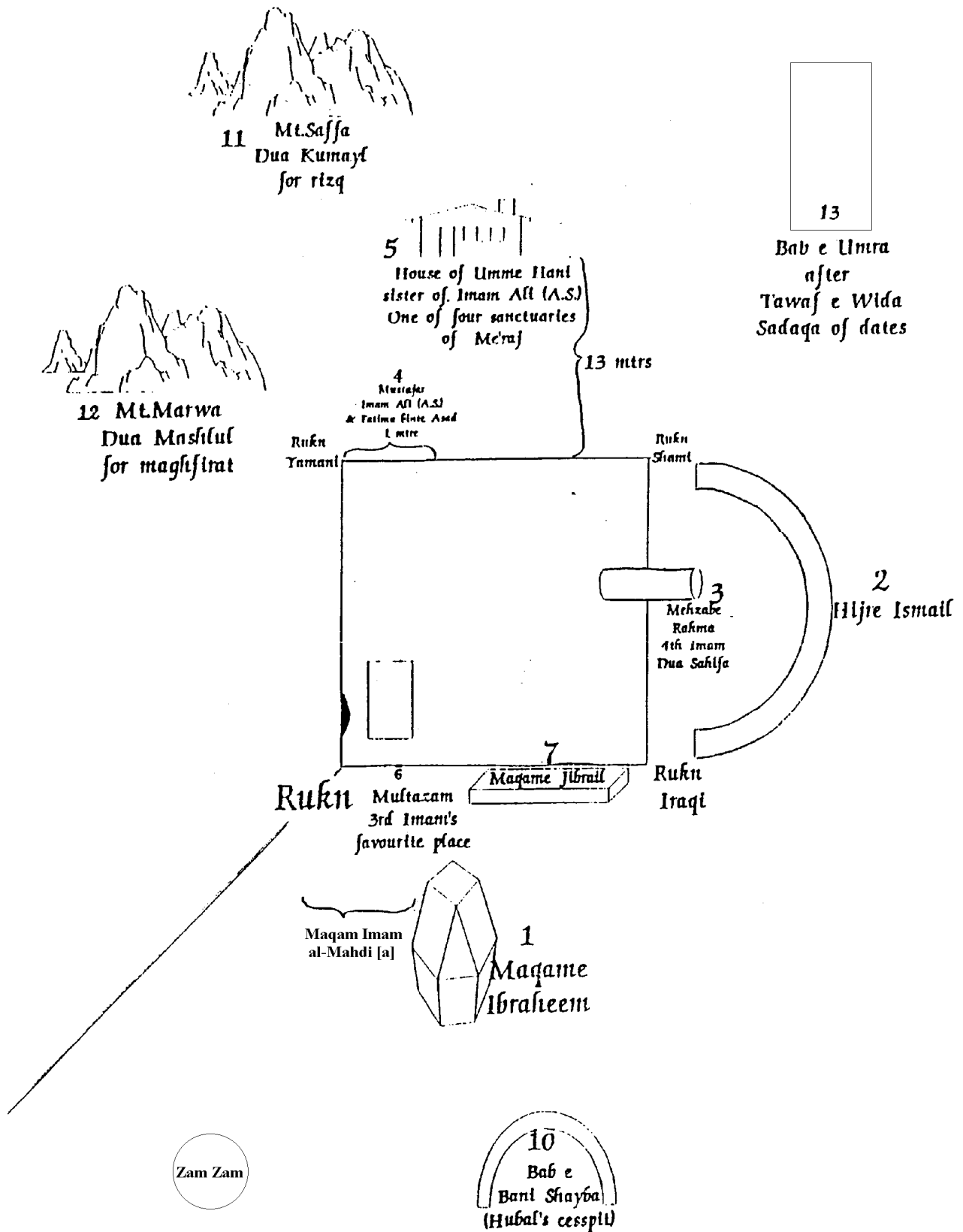
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Useful Maps for Pilgrims to Makkah & Madinah

Makkah

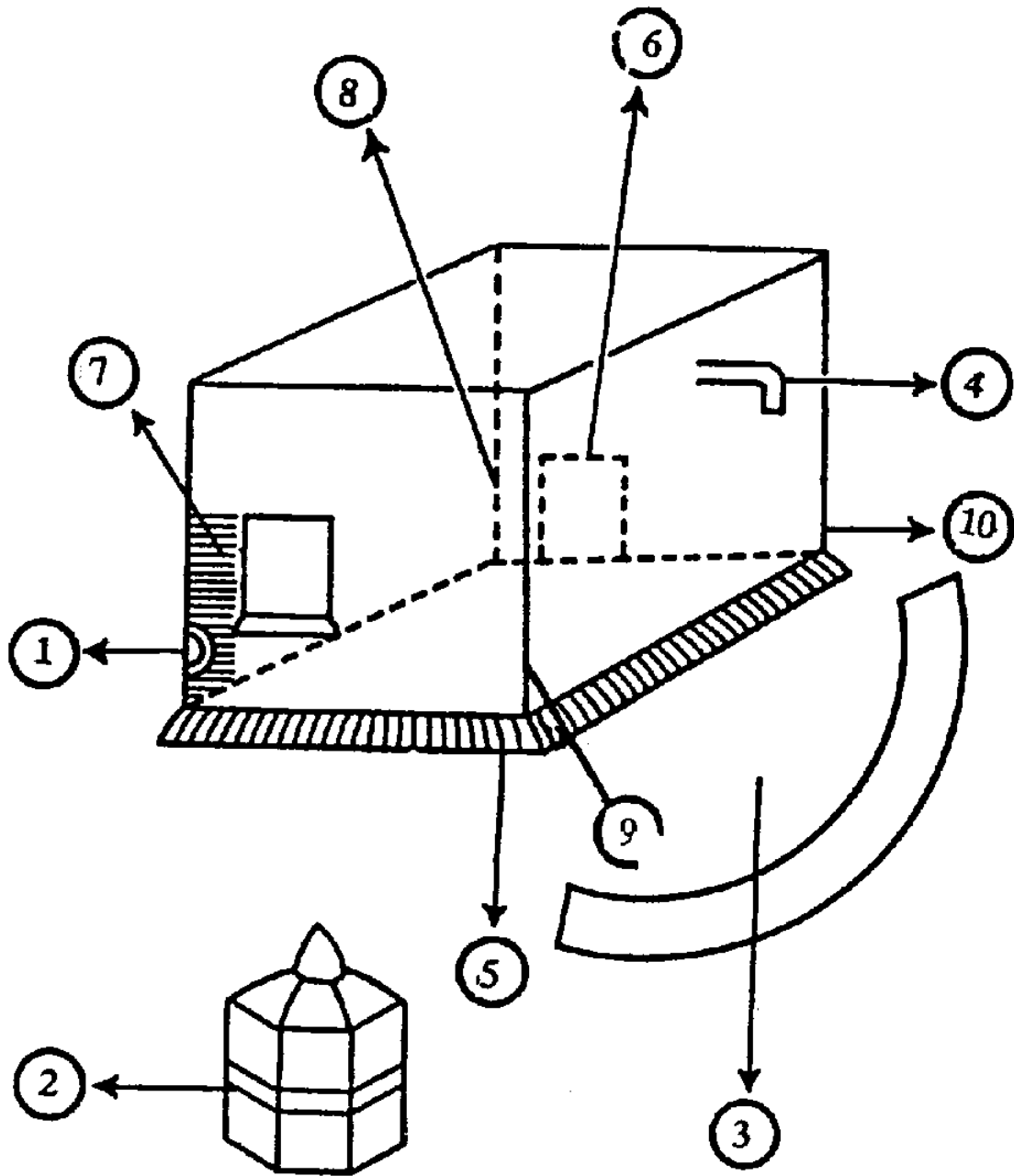
1. Places of Worship in Haram al-Sharif

PLACES OF IBADA IN HARAM AL-SHARIF



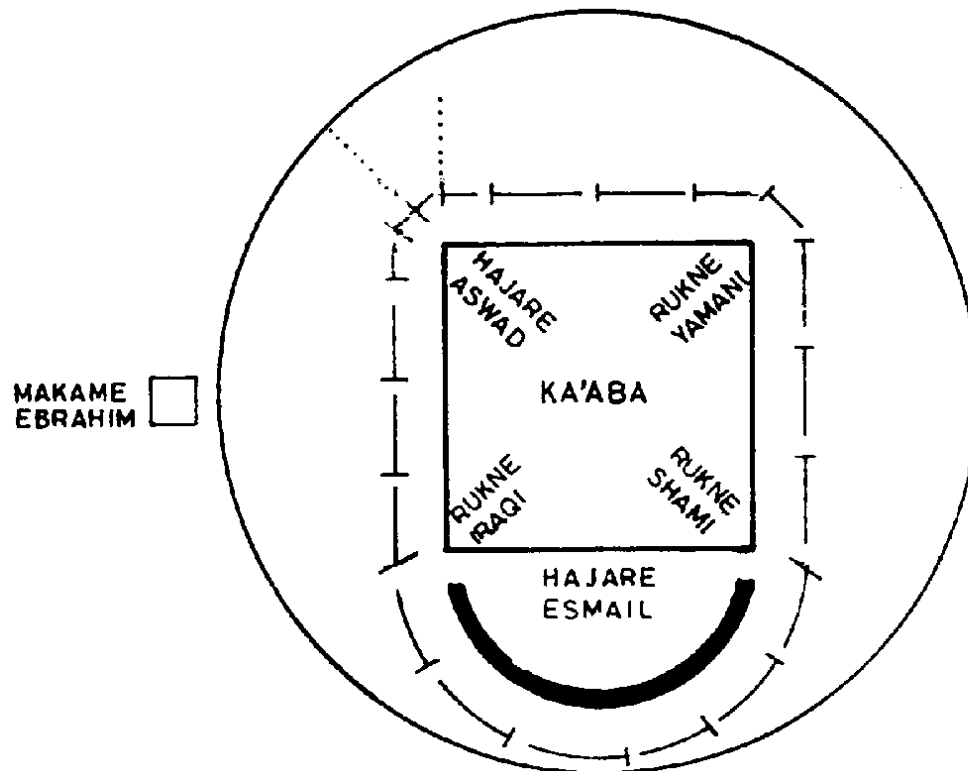
2. Illustration of the Kaaba

ILLUSTRATION OF THE KA'ABA



- 1) Hajar-e-Aswad
- 2) Maqam-e-Ibrahim
- 3) Hajar-e-Ismail
- 4) Meezab-e-Rahmah
- 5) Shaazarwaan

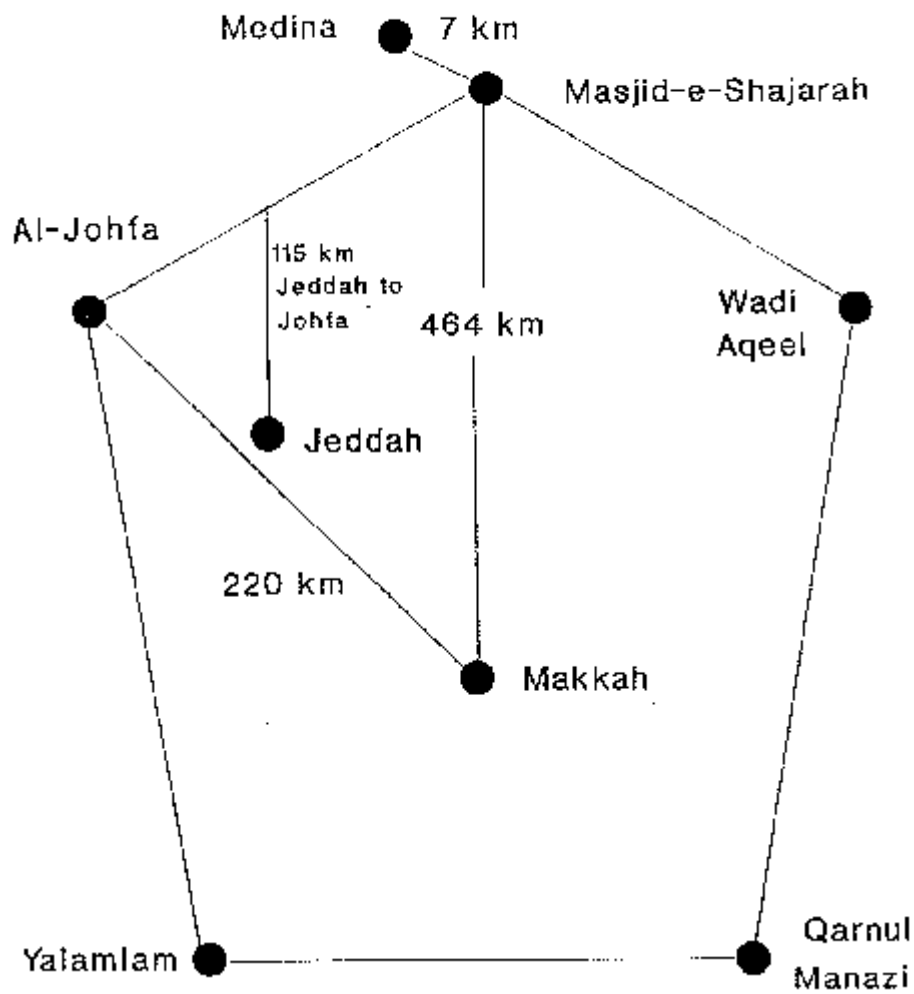
- 6) Mustajaar
- 7) Hateem
- 8) Rukn-e-Yamani
- 9) Rukn-e-Iraqi
- 10) Rukn-e-Shami



**LABBAIK ALLA-HUMMA LABBAIK LA!!-
BAIK LAA SHARIKA LAKA LABBAIK INNAL
HAMDA WANN'E'A MATA LAKA WAL-MULK
LA-SHARIKA LAKA LABBAIK**

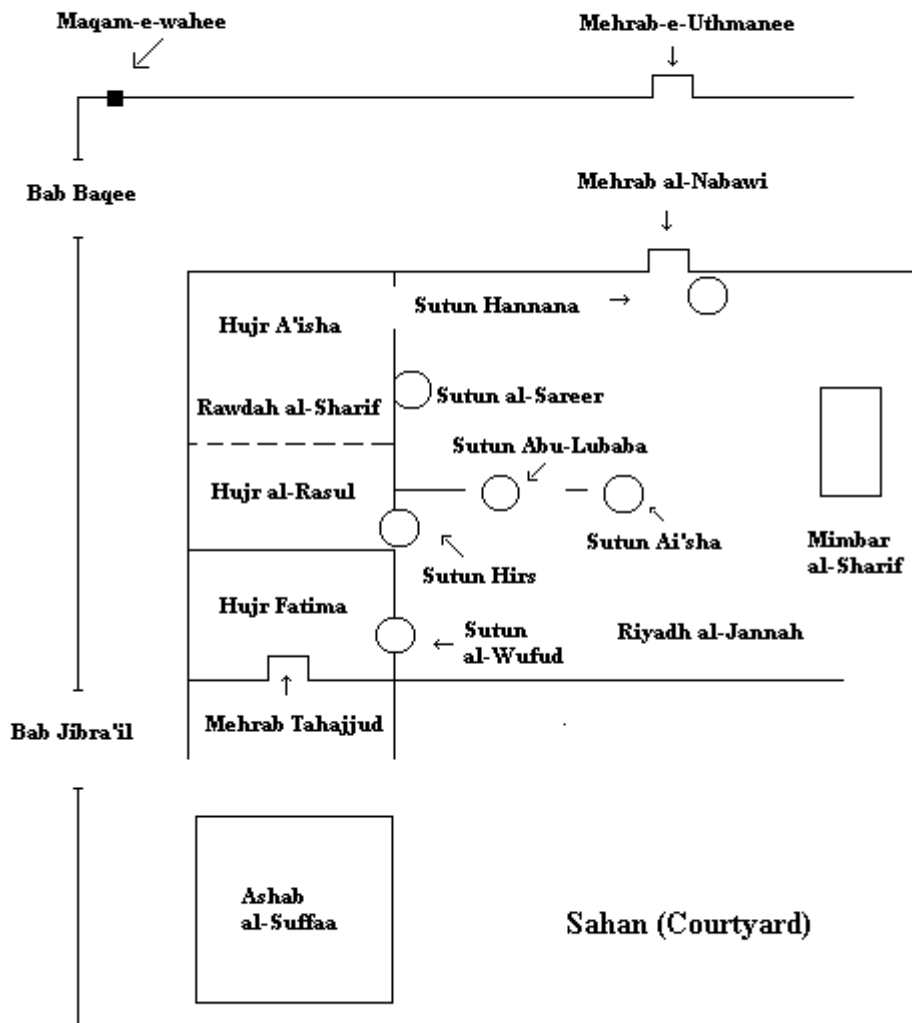
3. Another Illustration of the Kaaba

MEEQAATS

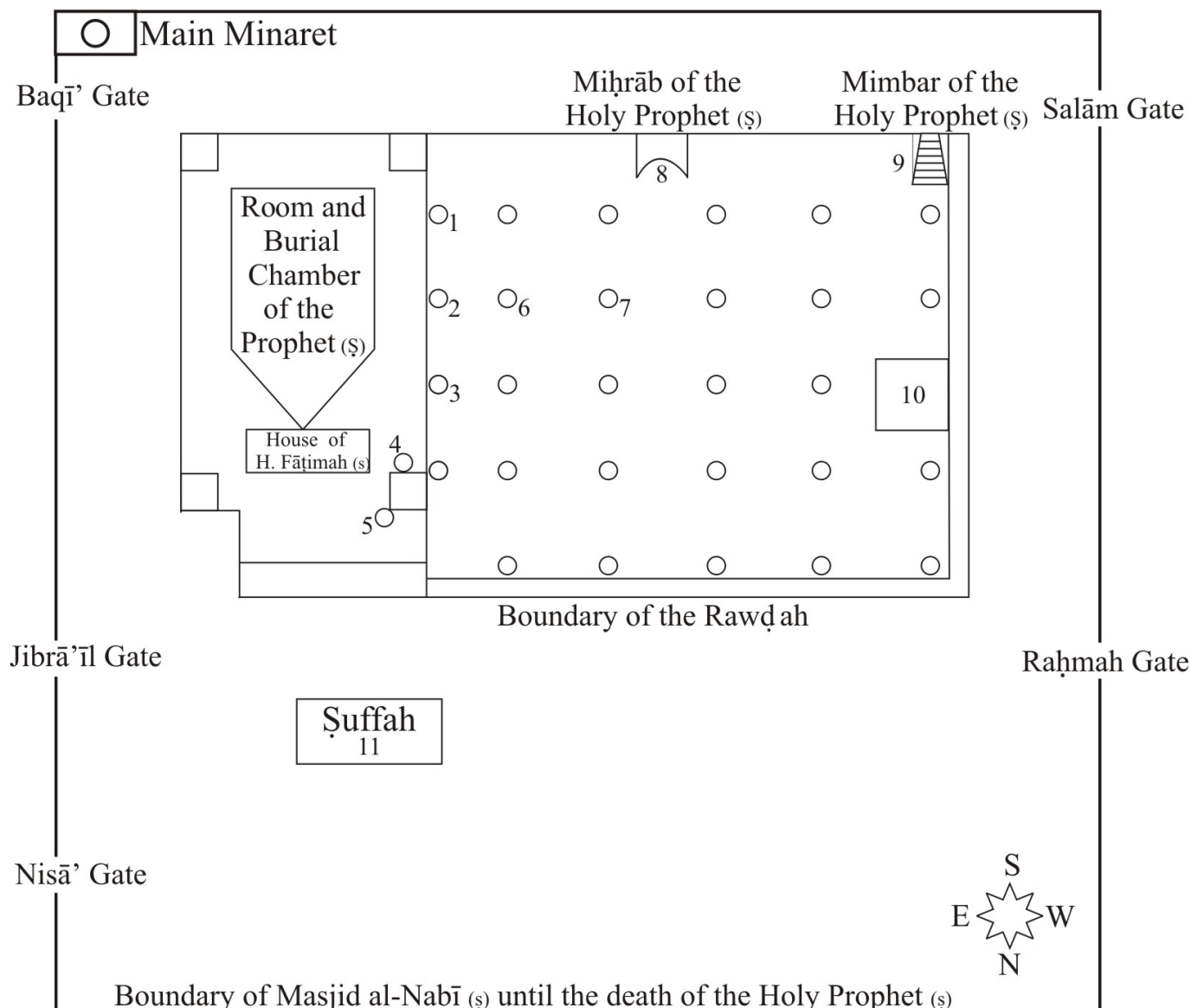


Maps of Makkah and Surrounding Holy Places

Greater Makkah



The Area Inside And Surrounding The Holy Rawdah of The Holy Prophet's (S) Mosque



(Not to scale)

1. The Pillar of “Sarḥr” (Bed): During the time of i’tikāf, the Holy Prophet (S) would stay near this pillar and his companions would spread date leaves there so that he could rest on them.
2. The Pillar of “ḥaras” (Guard): ʿaḥrat ‘Alī (‘a) used to sit next to this pillar and guard the Holy Prophet (S).
3. The Pillar of “Wufḥd” (Delegations): The Holy Prophet (S) would meet various heads of tribes and delegations next to this pillar, and would inform them about the teachings of Islam and discuss political issues with them.
4. The Pillar of “Maqḥm al-Jibrḥ’ḥl” (Station of Jibrḥ’ḥl): ʿaḥrat Jibrḥ’ḥl used to come to the Holy Prophet (S) from this place. This is also the location of the door of ʿaḥrat Fḥḥimah’s (s) house.
5. The Mihrḥb of “Tahajjud” (Night Vigil): The Holy Prophet (S) would sometimes recite his Night Prayer here.

6. The Pillar of “Tawbah” (Repentance): Abū Lubābah carelessly disclosed confidential military plans made by the Holy Prophet (S) to the Jews and then having realised his mistake, tied himself to this pillar and sought repentance there until he was forgiven.

7. The Pillar of “Qur‘ah” / “‘Īshah” / “Muhājirīn”: This pillar has been given these three names due to the following reasons:

- “Qur‘ah” (Lots), as it is narrated by ‘Īshah that the Holy Prophet (S) said that there is a piece of land next to this pillar that if people knew the value of, they would draw lots to pray there.
- “‘Īshah”, as she narrated this ḥadīth and disclosed the virtues of this place.
- “Muhājirīn” (Emigrants), as the Emigrants used to gather next to it.

8. The Pillar of “Mukhallaqah” (Fragrant): The Muslims would fragrant the air of the Mosque as well as themselves before they met the Holy Prophet (S) with incense placed on this pillar.

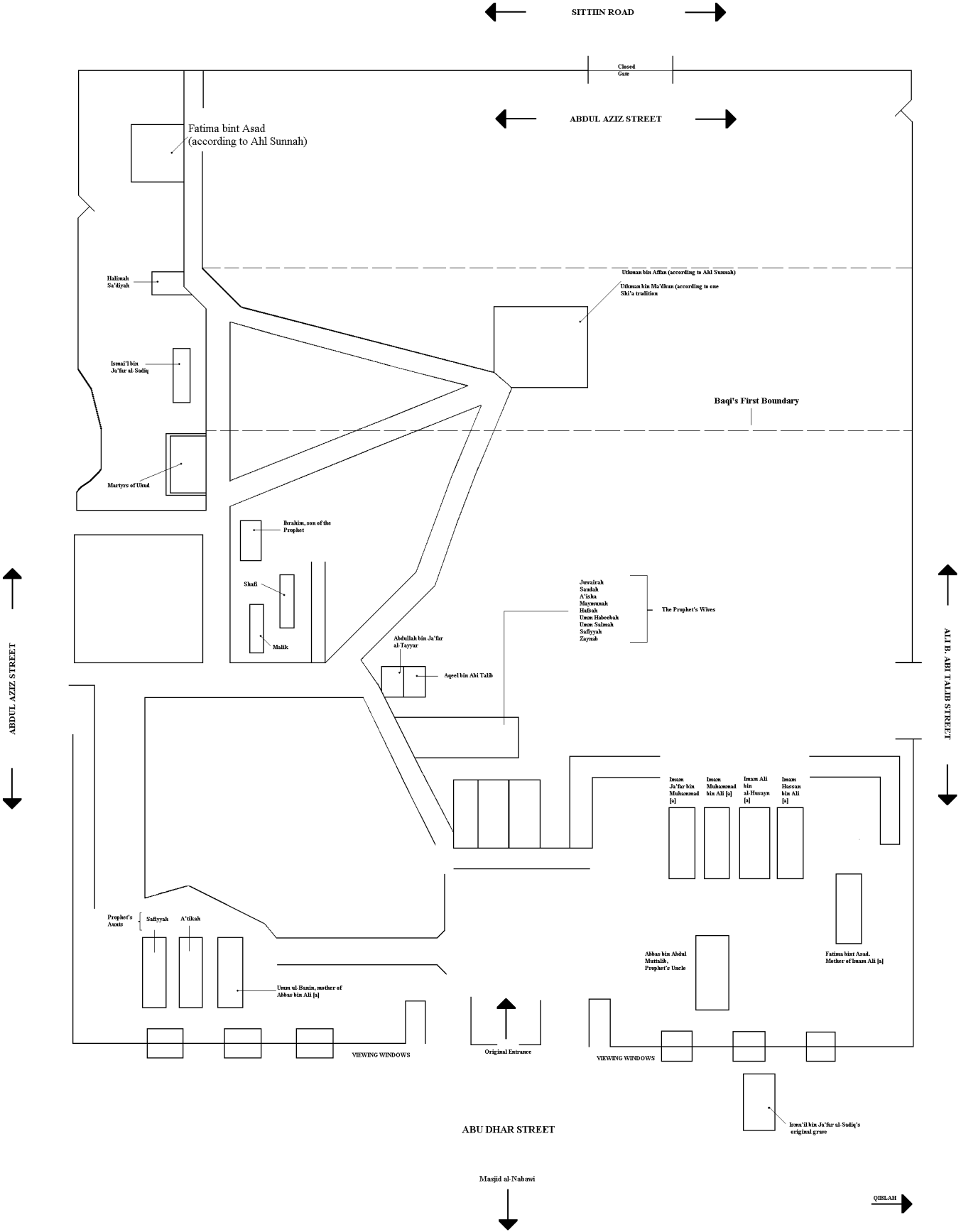
9. The Pillar of “Ḥanīnah” (Compassion): Before the mimbar was built, the Holy Prophet (S) used to deliver his sermons whilst leaning on a tree. When the mimbar was made and the Holy Prophet (S) started delivering his sermons from it, the tree cried out. The Holy Prophet (S) ordered that the tree be buried in that exact place.

10. Maqām al-Bilāl (Station of Bilāl): This is the place where Bilāl would call the adhān.

11. Suffah (Platform / Ledge): Following the Emigration to Madīnah, poor Emigrants were given food and shelter in this place. It should be noted that the original location of the Suffah was at the eastern end of the Mosque as it stood at the time of the Holy Prophet (S), and adjacent to the northern wall.

[Map of Jannat al-Baqi](#)

MAP OF JANNAT-UL BAQI



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<https://www.al-islam.org/pilgrimage-sites/useful-maps-pilgrims-makkah-madinah#comment-0>