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Home > Elementary Arabic Syntax 2 > Ishtighal

## **Ishtighal**

82. What is ishtighal?

Ishtighal is a noun that comes before the verb that is affected by a pronoun which refers to the first noun. For example: الكتاب قرأتُهُ (The book, I read it.)

83. What is the noun that comes first called?

The noun that comes first is called the noun of *ishtighal*.

- 84. When is it obligatory to put the noun of *ishtighal* in the accusative case? It is obligatory to put the noun of *ishtighal* in the accusative case if it comes after:
- a conditional word, for example; إِنِ الْعِلْمُ خَدَمتَهُ فَأَحْسِن إِلَيه (Verily, I put myself in the service of knowledge and it did good to me.)
- after ألا , for example: ألا التلميذَ المجتهد تكافِئُونَهُ (Why don't you be like the striving student?)
- after هلا , for example: هلا خَينَ نفسِکَ تريدُهُ (The best for yourself, don't you want it?)
- after هل , for example: هَل سليماً أَهَنتَهُ (Did you disrespect Sal®m?)
- 85. What function does the noun of *ishtighal* have if it is in the accusative case?

  If the noun of *ishtighal* is in the accusative case it is an objective compliment of an implied verb which is explained by the mentioned verb. For example: هل الثّمر أكلتهُ (The date, did you eat it?) was really: هل الثمر أكلته الثمر أكلته
- 86. When is it obligatory to put the noun of *ishtighal* in the nominative case? It is obligatory to put the noun of *ishtighal* in the nominative case if it comes:
- after الَّهُ وَاللهُ يُوَيِّخُهُ أَبِوهِ (I entered the house, and all of a sudden there was a father who was scolding his son.)
- after a h المافَرتُ و الشعبُ ينهاه الخطيبُ عنِ الحربِ (I traveled while wouth, the speaker was forbidding him from war.)

- before conditional words, interrogative words, k, the inchoative k, the negative k, the informative k, the annular prepositions, and conjuncts.
- 87. What function does the noun of *ishtighal* have if it is in the nominative case?

  If the noun of *ishtighal* is in the nominative case it is an inchoative and the verbal sentence after it is the predicate in the nominative case.
- 88. When is it permissible to put the noun of *ishtighal* in the accusative or nominative cases?

  It is permissible to put the noun of *ishtighal* in the accusative or nominative cases in any other case that was not mentioned. For example: التُفَاحةُ أَكلتُها (The apple, I ate it.)

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